Table 4. Number of nonfatal occupational illnesses by industry division and selected case types, 2000

## Indiana

(In thousands)

Industry division		Lost workday cases				Cases	Disorders associated with repeated trauma	
	Total cases	Total <sup>1</sup>		With days away from work <sup>2</sup>		without lost workdays		
All industries including State and local government <sup>3</sup>	12.9		5.9		2.1	7.0		8.5
Private industry <sup>3</sup>	12.0		5.6		1.8	6.4		8.3
Agriculture, forestry, and fishing <sup>3</sup>	0.1	( <sup>5</sup> )		(5)		0.1	(5)	
Mining <sup>4</sup>	( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )		( <sup>5</sup> )		( <sup>5</sup> )	( <sup>5</sup> )	
Construction	0.2		0.1	(5)		0.1		0.1
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	9.3 6.4 2.9		4.6 2.8 1.8		1.3 0.8 0.4	4.7 3.6 1.1		6.8 4.3 2.5
Transportation and public utilities⁴	0.2		0.1	( <sup>5</sup> )		0.1		0.1
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale trade Retail trade	0.7 0.1 0.6	( <sup>5</sup> )	0.3	( <sup>5</sup> )	0.1 0.1	0.4 0.1 0.3	( <sup>5</sup> )	0.5
Finance, insurance, and real estate	0.3		0.1	( <sup>5</sup> )		0.2		0.2
Services	1.4		0.5		0.3	0.9		0.6
State and local government	0.9		0.3		0.2	0.6		0.2
State government	0.3		0.1		0.1	0.2		0.1
Local government	0.6		0.2		0.1	0.4		0.1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Total lost workday cases involve days way from work, or days of restricted work activity, or both.

Transportation. Independent mining contractors are excluded from the coal, metal, and nonmetal mining industries.

NOTE: Because of rounding, components may not add to totals.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, Survey of Occupational Injuries and Illnesses, in cooperation with participating State agencies.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Days-away-from-work cases include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Excludes farms with fewer than 11 employees.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Data conforming to OSHA definitions for mining operators in coal, metal, and nonmetal mining and for employers in railroad transportation are provided to BLS by the Mine Safety and Health Administration, U.S. Department of Labor; and the Federal Railroad Administration, U.S. Department of

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Fewer than 50 cases.

<sup>--</sup> Indicates data not available.